



Tamarack

Larix laricina

Commonly called tamarack, eastern larch, American larch or hackmatack



Photos courtesy of Bill Hendricks (top) and Judy Semroc (bottom left and right)

Unique Characteristics

This deciduous conifer likes moist, well-drained soil and full sun to partial shade and provides good fall color when its needles turn yellow in the fall.

Plant Type:	Tree
Native Range:	Northern North America
Sun:	Full sun
Water:	Medium
Soil:	Moist, acidic, and very adaptable
Height:	40-80 feet
Spread:	15-30 feet
Wildlife:	Cones are eaten by some birds.
Hardiness Zones:	2-5
Bloom Time & Color:	Non-flowering
Leaf:	Showy yellow in fall
Maintenance:	Low
Uses:	For cold areas and is often grown in groups. Unpalatable to deer.

